Yulon Nissan Motor Company, Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 and Independent Auditors' Review Report

Deloitte.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Yulon Nissan Motor Company, Ltd.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Yulon Nissan Motor Company, Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 and for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the consolidated statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the six months then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policies information (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Standards on Review Engagements of the Republic of China 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that caused us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

The engagement partners on the reviews resulting in this independent auditors' review report are Chien-Hsin Hsieh and Jui-Chuan Chih.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

July 30, 2024

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to review such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' review report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' review report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Par Value)

	June 30, 2024		December 31,	2023	June 30, 2023	
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	\$ 5,768,445	24	\$ 7,592,375	34	\$ 2,505,122	10
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Notes 4 and 7)	3,296,769	13	900,959	4	2,502,469	10
Financial assets at amortized cost (Notes 4,8 and 30)	2,159	-	104,383	-	-	-
Notes receivable (Notes 4, 9 and 22)	-	-	855	-	-	-
Trade receivables (Notes 4, 9 and 22)	36,426	-	26,827	-	19,082	-
Trade receivables - related parties (Notes 4, 22 and 29)	504,910	2	150,101	1	649,535	3
Other receivables (Notes 4 and 9)	41,499	-	16,301	-	9,918	-
Other receivables - related parties (Notes 4 and 29)	84,504	-	95,827	-	96,499	-
Prepayments (Note 29)	484,281	2	375,533	2	169,620	<u> </u>
Total current assets	10,218,993	41	9,263,161	41	5,952,245	24
NON-CURRENT ASSETS						
Financial assets at amortized cost (Notes 4, 8 and 30)	-	-	-	-	2,132	-
Investments accounted for using the equity method (Notes 4 and 12)	12,656,609	51	11,424,105	51	16,499,990	67
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4, 5, 13 and 29)	917,972	4	968,733	4	1,035,697	4
Right-of-use assets (Notes 4, 14 and 29)	570,141	3	598,557	3	625,493	3
Computer software (Notes 4 and 15)	40,996	-	40,361	-	46,775	-
Deferred tax assets (Note 4)	65,086	-	63,917	-	58,676	-
Other non-current assets (Notes 16 and 29)	207,099	1	246,755	<u> </u>	313,124	2
Total non-current assets	14,457,903	59	13,342,428	_59	18,581,887	76
TOTAL	<u>\$ 24,676,896</u>	100	<u>\$ 22,605,589</u>	100	<u>\$ 24,534,132</u>	100
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Contract liabilities (Notes 22 and 29)	\$ -	-	\$ 2,022	-	\$ 21,817	-
Trade payables	128,926	1	119,294	1	120,406	1
Trade payables - related parties (Note 29)	708,907	3	301,532	1	622,574	3
Other payables (Note 17)	2,152,739	9	1,076,210	5	3,047,436	12
Other payables - related parties (Note 29)	98,174	-	112,908	-	162,686	1
Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 24)	84,538	-	350,149	2	56,928	-
Provisions (Notes 4, 5 and 18)	203,657	1	197,858	1	202,954	1
Lease liabilities (Notes 4, 14 and 29)	46,360	-	48,885	-	51,324	-
Other current liabilities (Note 19)	9,262		7,840		7,925	
Total current liabilities	3,432,563	14	2,216,698	10	4,294,050	18
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Provisions (Notes 4, 5 and 18)	79,609	-	74,987	-	58,904	-
Deferred tax liabilities (Note 4)	2,100,890	9	1,979,460	9	2,369,860	10
Lease liabilities (Notes 4, 14 and 29)	533,675	2	558,212	3	581,224	2
Net defined benefit liabilities (Note 4)	39,806		44,382		29,259	
Total non-current liabilities	2,753,980	11	2,657,041	12	3,039,247	12
Total liabilities	6,186,543	25	4,873,739	22	7,333,297	30
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY Capital stock - NT\$10 par value; authorized - 600,000 thousand stocks; issued						
and outstanding - 300,000 thousand stocks	3,000,000	12	3,000,000	13	3,000,000	12
Capital surplus	5,988,968	$\frac{12}{24}$	5,988,968	26	5,988,968	$\frac{12}{24}$
Retained earnings		<u> </u>				
Legal reserve	7,510,787	30	7,396,085	33	7,396,085	30
Special reserve	1,470,531	6	1,470,531	6	1,470,531	6
Unappropriated earnings	1,145,837	5	1,322,636	6	690,642	3
Total retained earnings	10,127,155	41	10,189,252	45	9,557,258	39
Other equity	(625,770)	<u>(2</u>)	(1,446,370)	<u>(6</u>)	(1,345,391)	<u>(5</u>)
Total equity	18,490,353	75	17,731,850		17,200,835	70
TOTAL	<u>\$ 24,676,896</u>	100	<u>\$ 22,605,589</u>	100	<u>\$ 24,534,132</u>	<u> 100 </u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For the T	<u>'hree Mon</u>	ths Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30			
	2024		2023		2024		2023	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
OPERATING REVENUE (Notes 22 and 29)								
Sales (Note 4)	\$ 5,858,470	99	\$ 6,049,927	98	\$ 13,396,957	99	\$ 13,018,318	98
Service revenue (Note 4)	35,701	1	79,434	1	66,262	1	156,580	1
Other operating revenue	23,200		28,375	1	50,212		62,413	1
Total operating revenue	5,917,371	100	6,157,736	100	13,513,431	100	13,237,311	100
OPERATING COSTS (Notes 10, 23 and 29)	5,199,805	88	5,263,133	85	11,796,161	87	11,491,451	87
GROSS PROFIT	717,566	12	894,603	15	1,717,270	13	1,745,860	13
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 23 and 29) Selling and marketing								
expenses	478,890	8	494,446	8	969,777	7	936,925	7
General and administrative expenses Research and development	94,381	1	143,979	2	237,010	2	275,014	2
expenses	96,857	2	145,934	3	186,647	2	279,085	2
Total operating expenses	670,128	11	784,359	13	1,393,434	11	1,491,024	11
OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (Notes 23 and 29)	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	11	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS	47,438	1	110,244	2	323,847	2	254,836	2
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES								
Interest income (Note 4)	62,708	1	18,388	-	124,877	1	33,429	-
Other revenue	3,079	-	3	-	3,884	-	5,929	-
Overseas business expenses (Note 29)	(1,742)	-	(1,479)	-	(3,705)	-	(3,597)	-
Shares of profit of associates	322,102	6	51,660	1	651,220	5	351.680	3
Gain on disposal of investments	-	-	-	-	52	-	-	-
Net foreign exchange (loss) gain (Note 23) Gain on fair value changes of financial assets at fair	8,986	-	(31,916)	(1)	79,830	1	(25,183)	-
value through profit or								
loss, net	12,041	-	11,978	-	23,193	-	24,047	-
Interest expenses (Note 29)	(1,709)	-	(1,905)	-	(3,409)	-	(3,928)	-
Other losses	(337)		(289)		(398)		(585)	
Total non-operating income and								
expenses	405,128	7	46,440	-	875,544	7	381,792	3
r		<u> </u>				<u> </u>		ontinued

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For the	e Three Mon	oths Ended June 30)	For the	e Six Mont	hs Ended June 30	
	2024		2023		2024		2023	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX	\$ 452,566	8	\$ 156,684	2	\$ 1,199,391	9	\$ 636,628	5
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 24)	69,842	1	27,376	<u> </u>	217,488	2	121,603	1
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	382,724	7	129,308	2	981,903	7	515,025	4
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences on the translation of foreign operations	180,925	3	(436,450)	<u>(7</u>)	820,600	<u>6</u>	(369,680)	(3)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period, net of income tax	180,925	3	(436,450)	<u>(7</u>)	820,600	6	(369,680)	(3)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	<u>\$ 563,649</u>	10	<u>\$ (307,142</u>)	<u>(5</u>)	<u>\$ 1,802,503</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>\$ 145,345</u>	1
NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Company	<u>\$ 382,724</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>\$ 129,308</u>	2	<u>\$ 981,903</u>	7	<u>\$ 515,025</u>	4
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Company	<u>\$ 563,649</u>	10	<u>\$ (307,142</u>)	<u>(5</u>)	<u>\$ 1,802,503</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>\$ 145,345</u>	1
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 25) Basic Diluted	<u>\$ 1.28</u> <u>\$ 1.28</u>		<u>\$ 0.43</u> <u>\$ 0.43</u>		<u>\$ 3.27</u> <u>\$ 3.27</u>		<u>\$ 1.72</u> <u>\$ 1.72</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Cash Dividends Per Share)

			Re	etained Earnings (Note	Other Equity Exchange Differences on			
	Capital Stock					Unappropriated Earnings	Translating Foreign Operations	Total Equity
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2023	<u>\$ 3,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,988,968</u>	<u>\$ 7,151,689</u>	<u>\$ 1,470,531</u>	<u>\$ 2,586,013</u>	<u>\$ (975,711</u>)	<u>\$ 19,221,490</u>	
Appropriation of 2022 earnings Legal reserve Cash dividend distributed by the Company - \$7.22 per share	- 	- 	244,396	- 	(244,396) (2,166,000)	- 	(2,166,000)	
		<u>-</u> _	244,396	_	(2,410,396)	_	(2,166,000)	
Net profit for the six months ended June 30, 2023	-	-	-	-	515,025	-	515,025	
Other comprehensive loss for the six months ended June 30, 2023, net of income tax	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(369,680)	(369,680)	
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2023	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	515,025	(369,680)	145,345	
BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2023	<u>\$ 3,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,988,968</u>	<u>\$ 7,396,085</u>	<u>\$ 1,470,531</u>	<u>\$ 690,642</u>	<u>\$ (1,345,391</u>)	<u>\$ 17,200,835</u>	
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2024	3,000,000	5,988,968	7,396,085	1,470,531	1,322,636	(1,446,370)	17,731,850	
Appropriation of 2023 earnings Leal reserve Cash dividend distributed by the Company - \$3.48 per share		- 	114,702 	- 	(114,702) (1,044,000) (1,158,702)		(1,044,000) (1,044,000)	
Net profit for the six months ended June 30, 2024			114,702		981,903		<u> (1,044,000</u>) 981,903	
	-	-	-	-	981,905	-	901,905	
Other comprehensive income for the six months ended June 30, 2024, net of income tax	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	820,600	820,600	
Total comprehensive income for the six months ended June 30, 2024	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		981,903	820,600	1,802,503	
BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2024	<u>\$ 3,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,988,968</u>	<u>\$ 7,510,787</u>	<u>\$ 1,470,531</u>	<u>\$ 1,145,837</u>	<u>\$ (625,770</u>)	<u>\$ 18,490,353</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	For the Six Months Ended June 30		
	2024	2023	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Income before income tax	\$ 1,199,391	\$ 636,628	
Adjustments for:	¢ 1,177,071	¢ 000,0 <u>1</u> 0	
Depreciation expenses	133,406	229,579	
Amortization expenses	5,185	7,300	
Gain on fair value changes of financial assets at fair value through	,	,	
profit of loss, net	(23,193)	(24,047)	
Interest expenses	3,409	3,928	
Interest income	(124,877)	(33,429)	
Share of profit of associates	(651,220)	(351,680)	
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(11)	-	
Gain on disposal of investment	(52)	-	
Net foreign exchange (gain) loss	(59,373)	40,436	
Inventory purchase commitments	4,240	3,540	
Warranty costs	65,185	52,558	
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(2,375,182)	(135,643)	
Notes receivable	855	930	
Trade receivables	(9,599)	4,720	
Trade receivables - related parties	(354,813)	(292,603)	
Other receivables	3,949	2,802	
Other receivables - related parties	11,323	14,086	
Prepayments	(87,487)	(85,279)	
Other financial assets	102,224	(12)	
Contract liabilities	(2,022)	(48,211)	
Trade payables	9,632	48,548	
Trade payables - related parties	407,375	93,404	
Other payables	31,602	103,095	
Other payables - related parties	(15,236)	110,135	
Provisions	(59,004)	(61,335)	
Other current liabilities	1,422	930	
Net defined benefit liabilities	(4,576)	(2,170)	
Cash (used in) generated from operations	(1,787,447)	318,210	
Interest paid	(3,409)	(3,928)	
Income tax paid	(362,838)	(513,449)	
Net cash used in operating activities	(2,153,694)	(199,167)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received	95,730	32,555	
Payments for property, plant and equipment (Note 26)	(15,263)	(11,327)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	11	-	
		(Continued)	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	For the Six Months Ended June 30		
	2024	2023	
Payments for computer software (Increase) decrease in refundable deposits	\$ (5,820) (35)	\$ (122) <u>122,580</u>	
Net cash generated from investing activities	74,623	143,686	
CASH FLOWS USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayments of the principal portion of lease liabilities	(24,859)	(27,039)	
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	280,000	(25,697)	
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,823,930)	(108,217)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	7,592,375	2,613,339	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF THE PERIOD	<u>\$ 5,768,445</u>	<u>\$ 2,505,122</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements. (Concluded)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Yulon Nissan Motor Company, Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are mainly engaged in the research and development of vehicles and the sale of vehicles. The Company started its operations in October 2003. Then Yulon Motor Co., Ltd. ("Yulon") transferred its sales and research and development businesses to the Company through a spin-off. The Company's spin-off from Yulon was intended to increase Yulon's competitive advantage and participation in the global automobile network and to enhance its professional management. The spin-off date was October 1, 2003.

Yulon initially held 100% equity interest in the Company but then transferred 40% of its equity to Nissan Motor Co., Ltd. ("Nissan"), a Japanese motor company, on October 30, 2003. The Company became listed on December 21, 2004 after its initial public offering application was approved by the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation on October 6, 2004.

2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Company's board of directors on July 30, 2024.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS, AND INTERPRETATIONS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, the "IFRS Accounting Standards") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date Announced by IASB
Amendments to IFRS 16 "Leases Liability in a Sale and Leaseback" Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current" (referred to as the "2020 amendments") and "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants" (referred to as the "2022	January 1, 2024 January 1, 2024
amendments") Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 "Supplier Finance Arrangements"	January 1, 2024

The initial application of the IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have a material impact on the Group's accounting policies.

b. The IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed by the FSC for application starting from 2025

	Effective Date
New IFRSs	Announced by IASB

Amendments to IAS 21 "Lack of Exchangeability"

January 1, 2025 (Note)

Note: An entity shall apply those amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. Upon initial application of the amendments to IAS 21, the Group shall not restate the comparative information and shall recognize any effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings or, if applicable, to the cumulative amount of translation differences in equity as well as affected assets or liabilities.

As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impact of the application of the above standards and interpretations on the Group's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

c. The IFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note)
Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards - Volume 11	January 1, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Amendments to the	January 1, 2026
Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments"	
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets	To be determined by IASB
between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"	
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 - Comparative Information"	January 1, 2023
IFRS 18 "Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements"	January 1, 2027
IFRS 19 "Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures"	January 1, 2027

Note: Unless stated otherwise, the above IFRS Accounting Standards are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.

IFRS 18 "Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements"

IFRS 18 will supersede IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements". The main changes comprise:

- Items of income and expenses included in the statement of profit or loss shall be classified into the operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discounted operations categories.
- The statement of profit or loss shall present totals and subtotals for operating profit or loss, profit or loss before financing and income taxes and profit or loss.
- Provides guidance to enhance the requirements of aggregation and disaggregation: The Group shall identify the assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows that arise from individual transactions or other events and shall classify and aggregate them into groups based on shared characteristics, so as to result in the presentation in the primary financial statements of line items that have at least one similar characteristic. The Group shall disaggregate items with dissimilar characteristics in the primary financial statements and in the notes. The Group labels items as "other" only if it cannot find a more informative label.

• Disclosures on Management-defined Performance Measures (MPMs): When in public communications outside financial statements and communicating to users of financial statements management's view of an aspect of the financial performance of the Group as a whole, the Group shall disclose related information about its MPMs in a single note to the financial statements, including the description of such measures, calculations, reconciliations to the subtotal or total specified by IFRS Accounting Standards and the income tax and non-controlling interests effects of related reconciliation items.

As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impact of the application of the above standards and interpretations on the Group's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

a. Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IAS34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC. Disclosure information included in these interim consolidated financial statements is less than the disclosure information required in a complete set of annual consolidated financial statements.

b. Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the financial instruments and net defined benefit liabilities which are measured at the present value of the defined benefit obligation less than the fair value of plan assets.

The fair value measurements, which are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and based on the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, are described as follows:

- 1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- 2) Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- 3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.
- c. Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

Current assets include:

- 1) Assets held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Assets expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Cash and cash equivalents unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Current liabilities include:

1) Liabilities held primarily for the purpose of trading;

- 2) Liabilities due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Liabilities for which the Group does not have the substantial right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are classified as non-current.

d. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and the entities controlled by the Company (i.e. its subsidiaries).

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full upon consolidation.

See Note 11 and Table 4 for detailed information on subsidiaries (including percentages of ownership and main businesses).

e. Foreign currencies

The financial statements of each individual group entity in the Group are presented in its functional currency, which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in the Company's functional currency, New Taiwan dollars (NT\$). Upon preparing the consolidated financial statements, the operations and financial positions of each individual entity are translated into New Taiwan dollars.

In preparing the financial statements of each individual entity in the Group, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (i.e., foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Exchange differences on monetary items arising from settlement or translation are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in foreign currencies are not retranslated.

When preparing the consolidated financial statements, the financial statements of the Group's foreign operations that are prepared using functional currencies that are different from the currency of the Company are translated into the presentation currency, the New Taiwan dollar, as follows: Assets and liabilities - period-end rates; profit and loss - average rates for the period; equity - historical rate. Any exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

f. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventory write-downs are made by item, except where it may be appropriate to group similar or related items. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories are recorded at the weighted-average cost on the balance sheet date.

g. Investment in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture.

The Group uses the equity method to account for its investments in associates. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. The Group also recognizes the change in the Group's share of equity of associates.

When the Group's share of losses from an associate equals its interest in that associate, the Group discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. Additional losses and liabilities are recognized only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal obligations, or constructive obligations, or made payments on behalf of that associate.

Investments accounted for using the equity method are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. When there is objective evidence that the investments accounted for using the equity method have been impaired, the impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

h. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

Other than molds and dies, which are depreciated on the basis of the estimated number of vehicles to be sold in the future, other items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method of assets are reviewed at the end of each year, and the estimated sales volume is reviewed every six months, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

On derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

i. Computer software

Computer software is initially stated at cost and subsequently stated at cost less accumulated amortization. The amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis over 3 years. The estimated useful, residual value and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The residual value of computer software shall be assumed to be zero unless the Group expects to dispose of the asset before the end of its economic life.

j. Impairment of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and computer software

When the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and computer software exceeds its recoverable amount, the excess is recognized as an impairment loss. When the impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent of the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

k. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities as the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

1) Measurement categories

Financial assets are classified into the following categories: Financial assets at FVTPL and financial assets at amortized cost.

a) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when such a financial asset, are mandatorily classified or designated as at FVTPL. Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL include investments in equity instruments that are not designated as at FVTOCI and debt instruments that do not meet the amortized cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria.

Financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit or loss does not incorporate any dividends or interest earned on such financial asset. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 28.

b) Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost:

- i. The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- ii. The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost, including cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables at amortized cost and other receivables, are measured at amortized cost, which equals the gross carrying amount determined using the effective interest method less any impairment loss. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of such a financial asset, except for:

- i. Purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, for which interest income is calculated by applying the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets; and
- ii. Financial assets that are not credit impaired on purchase or origination but have subsequently become credit impaired, for which interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets in subsequent reporting periods.

Cash equivalents include time deposits and repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds with original maturities within 3 months from the date of acquisition, which are highly liquid, readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

2) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortized cost (including trade receivables) and contract assets.

The Group always recognizes lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) for trade receivables. For all other financial instruments, the Group recognizes lifetime ECLs when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs.

Expected credit losses reflect the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of a default occurring reflected in the weights. Lifetime ECLs represent the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECLs represent the portion of lifetime ECLs that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The Group recognizes an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

3) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

Equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

The repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognized in and deducted directly from equity. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issuance or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Financial liabilities

1) Subsequent measurement

All the financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

2) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognizes a financial liability only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

1. Provisions

1) Inventory purchase commitments

Where the Group has a commitment for which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations exceed the economic benefits expected to be received, the present obligations arising from such commitments are recognized and measured as provisions.

2) Warranties

Provisions for the expected cost of warranty obligations are recognized at the date of sale of the relevant products, at the best estimate by the management of the Group of the expenditure required to settle the Group's obligation.

m. Revenue recognition

The Group identifies contracts with the customers, allocates the transaction price to the performance obligations, and recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied.

1) Revenue from the sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods comes from sale of vehicles and parts. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the goods are delivered and legal ownership of the goods has been transferred to the customer.

2) Revenue from the rendering of services

Revenue from the rendering of services comes from the provision of design and research and development services for cars. Contract assets and revenue are recognized by reference to the stage of completion of the respective contract, and contract assets are reclassified to trade receivables when the remaining obligation is performed. If the milestone payment exceeds the revenue recognized to date, then the Group recognizes a contract liability for the difference.

n. Leases

At the inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease.

The Group as lessee

The Group recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the commencement date of a lease, except for short-term leases and low-value asset leases accounted for by applying a recognition exemption where lease payments are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs needed to restore the underlying assets, and less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the earlier end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments, which comprise fixed payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in a lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the lessee's incremental borrowing rate.

Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized over the lease terms. When there is a change in a lease term, the Group remeasures the lease liabilities with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use-assets. However, if the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets is reduced to zero, any remaining amount of the remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss. Lease liabilities are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

- o. Employee benefits
 - 1) Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related services.

2) Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as expenses when employees have rendered services, entitling them to the contributions.

Defined benefit costs (including service costs, net interest and remeasurement) under the defined benefit retirement benefit plans are determined using the projected unit credit method. Service costs and net interest on the net defined benefit liabilities are recognized as employee benefits expenses in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which it occurs. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liabilities represent the actual deficit in the Group's defined benefit plans.

Pension cost for an interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the actuarially determined pension cost rate at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant plan amendments, settlements, or other significant one-off events.

p. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

1) Current tax

Income tax payable (recoverable) is based on taxable profit (loss) for the year determined according to the applicable tax laws of each tax jurisdiction.

Interim period income taxes are assessed on an annual basis and calculated by applying to an interim period's pre-tax income the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings.

According to the Income Tax Act in the ROC, an additional tax on unappropriated earnings is provided for in the year the stockholders approve to retain earnings.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

2) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. A previously unrecognized deferred tax asset is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liabilities are settled or the assets are realized.

3) Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income, in which case, the current and deferred taxes are also recognized in other comprehensive income.

5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the key assumptions and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period.

a. Property, plant and equipment - molds and dies

The Group depreciates molds and dies on the basis of units of production and examines the estimated units sold of each model according to the changes in the market semiannually as a basis to calculate amounts allocated to each mold and die.

b. Provisions for the expected cost of warranties

The provisions for warranties are calculated on the basis of the estimate of quarterly warranty expenditure per car and the estimated units subject to warranty during the future warranty period. The estimate of quarterly warranty expenditure per car is calculated based on the average of actual warranty expenses in the past and the estimated number of units of cars subject to warranty at the end of every quarter. As of June 30, 2024, December 31, 2023 and June 30, 2023, the carrying amounts of provisions for warranties were \$155,953 thousand, \$149,772 thousand and \$139,702 thousand, respectively.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Ju	ne 30, 2024	De	cember 31, 2023	Jun	ne 30, 2023
Checking accounts and demand deposits	\$	725,797	\$	493,362	\$	631,579
Foreign currency demand deposits		41,930		3,891,317		95,031
Cash equivalents						
Foreign currency time deposits		4,282,272		2,733,382		1,309,833
Time deposits		6,900		6,900		6,900
Repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds		711,546		467,414		461,779
	\$	5,768,445	<u>\$</u>	7,592,375	\$	2,505,122

Cash equivalents include time deposits and repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds with original maturities of 3 months or less from the date of acquisition. The Group considers its cash equivalents to be highly liquid, readily convertible to a known amount of cash, and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. These cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

The market interest rate intervals of demand deposits, time deposits and repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Demand deposits and time deposits	0.001%-5.45%	0.001%-5.52%	0.001%-5.10%
Repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds	5.50%	5.50%	5.00%-5.10%

7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL			
Non-derivative financial assets Mutual funds	<u>\$ 3,296,769</u>	<u>\$ 900,959</u>	<u>\$ 2,502,469</u>

8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTIZED COST

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Current			
Time deposit - restricted (a) Time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months (b)	\$ 2,159	\$ 2,145	\$ -
		102,238	
	<u>\$ 2,159</u>	<u>\$ 104,383</u>	<u>\$ </u>
Non-current			
Time deposit - restricted (a)	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 2,132</u>

a. Financial assets at amortized cost pledged as collateral for the maintenance of military vehicles are set out in Note 30.

b. As of December 31, 2023, the interest rates of time deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months ranged from 2.45%-5.52%.

9. NOTES RECEIVABLE, TRADE RECEIVABLES AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Notes receivable			
At amortized cost	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 855</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Trade receivables			
At amortized cost	<u>\$ 36,426</u>	<u>\$ 26,827</u>	<u>\$ 19,082</u>
Other receivables			
Interest receivables Others	\$ 38,032 <u>3,467</u>	\$ 8,885 	\$ 6,416 <u>3,502</u>
	<u>\$ 41,499</u>	<u>\$ 16,301</u>	<u>\$ 9,918</u>

a. Notes receivable

In order to minimize credit risk, the sales department monitors payment collection regularly to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate allowance is made for possible irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management believes the Group's credit risk was significantly reduced.

The Group applies the simplified approach to provisions for expected credit losses prescribed by IFRS 9, which permits the use of a lifetime expected losses provision for all notes receivables. The expected credit losses on notes receivables are estimated using a provision matrix by reference to past default experience with the respective debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for the general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtor operates and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecasted direction of economic conditions at the reporting date. The provision for losses based on the past due status of receivables is further distinguished by domestic customers and foreign customers. Nevertheless, the Group did not recognize an expected losses provision for notes receivables due to the estimation performed by the Group at the end of the reporting period, which shows that there was not a significant change in the credit quality of the receivables and the amounts were still considered recoverable.

The following table details the loss allowance of notes receivable based on the Group's provision matrix.

December 31, 2023

	Not F	ast Due	Less 60 E		61 to Da		o 180 iys	Over Da	r 181 iys	Т	otal
Expected credit loss rate		-	-		-		-				
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime ECL)	\$	855	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	855
Amortized cost	\$	855	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$	855

b. Trade receivables

In order to minimize credit risk, the sales department traces payment collection regularly to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate allowance is made for possible irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management believes the Group's credit risk was significantly reduced.

The Group applies the simplified approach to provisions for expected credit losses prescribed by IFRS 9, which permits the use of a lifetime expected losses provision for all trade receivables. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix by reference to past default experience with the respective debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for the general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtor operates and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecasted direction of economic conditions at the reporting date. The provision for losses based on the past due status of receivables is further distinguished by domestic customers and foreign customers. Nevertheless, the Group did not recognize an expected losses provision for trade receivables due to the estimation performed by the Group at the end of the reporting period, which shows that there was not a significant change in the credit quality of the receivables and the amounts were still considered recoverable.

The following table details the loss allowance of accounts receivable based on the Group's provision matrix.

June 30, 2024

	Not Past Due	Less 1 60 D		61 to Da) 120 iys	121 t Da	o 180 iys	Over Da	r 181 iys	Total
Expected credit loss rate	-	-		-		-			-	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime	\$ 36,426	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 36,426
ECL)										
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 36,426</u>	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$ 36,426</u>
December 31, 2023										

	Not Past Due	Less 60 E		61 to Da		121 t Da		Over Da		Total
Expected credit loss rate	-	-		-		-		-		
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime	\$ 26,827	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 26,827
ECL)										
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 26,827</u>	\$		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$ 26,827</u>

June 30, 2023

	Not Past Due	Less 60 I	than Days	61 to Da	o 120 ays	to 180 ays	 r 181 ays	Total
Expected credit loss rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime	\$ 19,082	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,082
ECL)						 <u> </u>	 	
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 19,082</u>	\$	_	\$		\$ 	\$ _	<u>\$ 19,082</u>

c. Other receivables

When there is objective evidence that other receivables were impaired, the Group assesses impairment losses on other receivables individually.

There were no past due other receivables balances at the end of the reporting period and the Group did not recognize an allowance for impairment loss.

10. INVENTORIES

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023	
Parts	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	

The costs of inventories recognized as costs of goods sold for the three months ended June 30, 2024 was \$5,199,805 thousand, which included warranty costs of \$27,851 thousand and a loss on inventory purchase commitment of \$4,108 thousand. The costs of inventories recognized as costs of goods sold for the six months ended June 30, 2024 was \$11,796,161 thousand, which included a warranty costs of \$65,185 thousand and a loss on inventory purchase commitment of \$4,240 thousand. The cost of inventories recognized as costs of goods sold for the three months ended June 30, 2023 was \$5,263,133 thousand, which included warranty costs of \$25,188 thousand and a reversal of loss on inventory purchase commitment of \$1,830 thousand. The costs of inventories recognized as costs of goods sold for the six months ended June 30, 2023 was \$11,491,451 thousand, which included a warranty costs of \$52,558 thousand and a loss on inventory purchase commitment of \$3,540 thousand.

11. SUBSIDIARIES

Subsidiaries Included in the Consolidated Financial Statements

			% of Ownership		
Investor	Investee	Main Business	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Yulon Nissan Motor Company, Ltd Yi-Jan Overseas Investment Co., Ltd.	Yi-Jan Overseas Investment Co., Ltd. Jetford Inc.	Investment Investment	$100.00 \\ 100.00$	100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00

12. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Material associate			
Guangzhou Aeolus Automobile Co., Ltd.	\$ 11,581,847	\$ 10,446,810	\$ 15,243,358
Associates that are not individually material			
Aeolus Xiangyang Automobile Co., Ltd.	1,074,762	977,295	1,256,632
	<u>\$ 12,656,609</u>	<u>\$ 11,424,105</u>	<u>\$ 16,499,990</u>
 Motorial accordiate 			

a. Material associate

			Proportion of Ownership and Voting Rights		
				December 31	,
Company Name	Main Business	Location	June 30, 2024	2023	June 30, 2023
Guangzhou Aeolus Automobile	Developing and manufacturing of parts	Guangdong	42.69%	42.69%	42.69%
Co., Ltd.	and vehicles and related services	Province	42.0970	42.0970	42.0970

The summarized financial information below represents amounts shown in the associate's financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards purposes.

Guangzhou Aeolus Automobile Co., Ltd.

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023				
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	\$ 10,077,487 31,151,957 (12,851,753) (1,126,058)	\$ 7,852,319 30,584,073 (12,779,630) (1,070,452)	\$ 8,881,633 32,709,931 (4,653,571) (1,114,289)				
Equity	<u>\$ 27,251,633</u>	<u>\$ 24,586,310</u>	<u>\$ 35,823,704</u>				
Equity attributable to the Group Deferred gain on disposal of investment	\$ 11,633,722 (51,875)	\$ 10,495,896 (49,086)	\$ 15,293,139 (49,781)				
Carrying amount	<u>\$ 11,581,847</u>	<u>\$ 10,446,810</u>	<u>\$ 15,243,358</u>				
For the Three Months Ended — For the Six Months Ended							

		Months Ended e 30	For the Six Months Ended June 30			
	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Revenue Net profit for the period	<u>\$ 3,347,977</u> <u>\$ 706,613</u>	<u>\$ 3,501,431</u> <u>\$ 194,552</u>	<u>\$ 6,681,042</u> <u>\$ 1,413,436</u>	<u>\$ 7,743,761</u> <u>\$ 855,611</u>		

b. Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ende June 30	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
The Group's share of: Net profit for the period Other comprehensive income	\$ 20,450 	\$ (31,394)	\$ 47,825	\$ (13,580)
Total comprehensive income for the period	<u>\$ 20,450</u>	<u>\$ (31,394</u>)	<u>\$ 47,825</u>	<u>\$ (13,580</u>)

c. Other information

The investments accounted for using the equity method and the share of profit of those investments for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 were based on the associates' financial statements reviewed by the auditors for the same periods.

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - USED BY THE GROUP

	Molds	Dies	Computer Equipment	Other Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Machinery and Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Tools	Total
Cost									
Balance at January 1, 2023 Additions	\$ 3,228,200 <u>1,063</u>	\$ 697,208 2,615	\$ 58,404	\$ 316,280 <u>1,344</u>	\$ 14,833	\$ 2,312	\$ 24,224	\$ 8,212	\$ 4,349,673 5,022
Balance at June 30, 2023	<u>\$ 3,229,263</u>	<u>\$ 699,823</u>	<u>\$ 58,404</u>	<u>\$ 317,624</u>	<u>\$ 14,833</u>	<u>\$ 2,312</u>	<u>\$ 24,224</u>	<u>\$ 8,212</u>	<u>\$ 4,354,695</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment									
Balance at January 1, 2023 Depreciation	\$ (2,395,762)	\$ (455,808)	\$ (42,622)	\$ (193,456)	\$ (5,540)	\$ (2,288)	\$ (16,263)	\$ (6,314)	\$ (3,118,053)
expenses	(157,943)	(25,585)	(2,834)	(11,074)	(856)	(8)	(2,422)	(223)	(200,945)
Balance at June 30, 2023	<u>\$ (2,553,705</u>)	<u>\$ (481,393</u>)	<u>\$ (45,456</u>)	<u>\$ (204,530</u>)	<u>\$ (6,396</u>)	<u>\$ (2,296</u>)	<u>\$ (18,685</u>)	<u>\$ (6,537</u>)	<u>\$ (3,318,998</u>)
Carrying amount at June 30, 2023	<u>\$ 675,558</u>	<u>\$ 218,430</u>	<u>\$ 12,948</u>	<u>\$ 113,094</u>	<u>\$ 8,437</u>	<u>\$ 16</u>	<u>\$ 5,539</u>	<u>\$ 1,675</u>	<u>\$ 1,035,697</u>
Cost									
Balance at January 1, 2024 Additions Disposals	\$ 1,616,455 14,767	\$ 462,051	\$ 63,430 (1,860)	\$ 342,860 36,744	\$ 15,792 4,872	\$ 2,312	\$ 24,224	\$ 8,212	\$ 2,535,336 56,383 (7,760)
Balance at June 30, 2024	<u>\$_1,631,222</u>	<u>\$ 462,051</u>	<u>\$ 61,570</u>	<u>\$ 379,604</u>	<u>\$ 20,664</u>	<u>\$ 2,312</u>	<u>\$ 18,324</u>	<u>\$ 8,212</u>	<u>\$_2,583,959</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment									
Balance at January 1, 2024 Depreciation	\$ (1,012,565)	\$ (254,586)	\$ (48,231)	\$ (213,755)	\$ (7,306)	\$ (2,303)	\$ (21,108)	\$ (6,749)	\$ (1,566,603)
expenses Disposals	(60,067)	(26,172)	(3,080) <u>1,860</u>	(14,472)	(1,050)	(6)	(2,127) 5,900	(170)	(107,144) 7,760
Balance at June 30, 2024	<u>\$ (1,072,632</u>)	<u>\$ (280,758</u>)	<u>\$ (49,451</u>)	<u>\$ (228,227</u>)	<u>\$ (8,356</u>)	<u>\$ (2,309</u>)	<u>\$ (17,335</u>)	<u>\$ (6,919</u>)	<u>\$ (1,665,987</u>)
Carrying amount at December 31,2023 and January 1,2024	<u>\$ 603,890</u>	<u>\$ 207,465</u>	<u>\$ 15,199</u>	<u>\$ 129,105</u>	<u>\$ 8,486</u>	<u>\$9</u>	<u>\$ 3,116</u>	<u>\$ 1,463</u>	<u>\$ 968,733</u>
Carrying amount at June 30, 2024	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 181,293</u>	<u>\$ 12,119</u>	<u>\$ 151,377</u>	<u>\$ 12,308</u>	<u>\$3</u>	<u>\$ 989</u>	<u>\$ 1,293</u>	<u>\$ 917,972</u>

No impairment loss or reversal of impairment losses was recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Except for molds and dies which are depreciated on the basis of estimated number of vehicles to be sold, other property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Computer equipment	3 to 5 years
Other equipment	
Powered equipment	15 years
Experimental equipment	3 to 8 years
Office and communication equipment	3 to 5 years
Other equipment	1 to 10 years
Transportation equipment	4 to 5 years
Machinery and equipment	3 to 10 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years
Tools	2 to 10 years

14. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

a. Right-of-use assets

		June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Carrying amount				
Buildings Transportation equipment		\$ 569,428 <u>713</u>	\$ 596,118 2,439	\$ 619,780 5,713
		<u>\$ 570,141</u>	<u>\$ 598,557</u>	<u>\$ 625,493</u>
	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Additions to right-of-use assets	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,563</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 1,563</u>
Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets Buildings Transportation equipment	\$ 12,260 643	\$ 12,731 <u>1,383</u>	\$ 24,536 <u>1,726</u>	\$ 25,579 <u>3,055</u>
	<u>\$ 12,903</u>	<u>\$ 14,114</u>	<u>\$ 26,262</u>	<u>\$ 28,634</u>

Except for the aforementioned addition and recognized depreciation, the Group did not have significant sublease or impairment of right-of-use assets during the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

In addition, the Group early terminated part of the lease contract during the six months ended June 30, 2024, which resulted in a decrease of \$2,154 thousand in right-of-use assets and recognition of a lease modification benefit of \$49 thousand.

b. Lease liabilities

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Carrying amount			
Current Non-current	<u>\$ 46,360</u> <u>\$ 533,675</u>	<u>\$ 48,885</u> <u>\$ 558,212</u>	<u>\$51,324</u> <u>\$581,224</u>

The discount rates for lease liabilities were as follows:

		December 31,		
	June 30, 2024	2023	June 30, 2023	
Buildings	0.91%	0.91%	0.91%	
Transportation equipment	0.91%	0.91%	0.91%	

c. Material leasing activities and terms

The Group leases certain cars for the use of its executives with lease terms of 3 to 4 years. The Group does not have bargain purchase options to acquire the leasehold cars at the end of the lease terms.

The Group also leases buildings for the use of plants, offices and dormitory with lease terms of 2 to 30 years. If the lease term is not specified in the lease contract with the related party, lease term is based on the useful lives of the right-of-use assets, please refer to Note 29. The Group does not have bargain purchase options to acquire the leasehold buildings at the end of the lease terms.

d. Other lease information

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ende June 30	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Expenses relating to short-term				
leases Total cash outflow for leases	<u>\$532</u> <u>\$(14,088</u>)	<u>\$779</u> <u>\$(15,571</u>)	<u>\$ 1,135</u> <u>\$ (28,712</u>)	<u>\$ 1,558</u> <u>\$ (31,551</u>)

The Group's leases of certain transportation equipment qualify as short-term leases. The Group has elected to apply the recognition exemption and thus, did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

15. COMPUTER SOFTWARE

	Amount
Cost	
Balance at January 1, 2023 Additions Disposals	\$ 67,011 122 (2,941)
Balance, June 30, 2023	<u>\$ 64,192</u>
Accumulated amortization	
Balance at January 1, 2023 Amortization expenses Disposals	\$ (13,058) (7,300) <u>2,941</u>
Balance at June 30, 2023	<u>\$ (17,417</u>)
Carrying amount at June 30, 2023	<u>\$ 46,775</u> (Continued)

Amount

<u>Cost</u>

Balance at January 1, 2024 Additions Disposals	\$ 49,621 5,820 (3,393)
Balance at June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 52,048</u>
Accumulated amortization	
Balance at January 1, 2024 Amortization expenses Disposals	\$ (9,260) (5,185) <u>3,393</u>
Balance at June 30, 2024	<u>\$ (11,052</u>)
Carrying amount at December 31, 2023 and January 1, 2024	<u>\$ 40,361</u>
Carrying amount at June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 40,996</u> (Concluded)

No impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss was recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

16. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

	December 31,		
	June 30, 2024	2023	June 30, 2023
Refundable deposits (Note 29) Prepayments for equipment	\$ 204,925 	\$ 204,890 <u>41,865</u>	\$ 244,709 <u>68,415</u>
	<u>\$ 207,099</u>	<u>\$ 246,755</u>	<u>\$ 313,124</u>

17. OTHER PAYABLES

	December 31,		
	June 30, 2024	2023	June 30, 2023
Dividends	\$ 1,044,000	\$-	\$ 2,166,000
Advertising and promotion fees	854,005	772,180	654,995
Salaries and bonuses	136,353	183,087	139,341
Purchases of equipment	14,498	13,570	6,993
Taxes	17,286	5,572	14,123
Others	86,597	101,801	65,984
	<u>\$ 2,152,739</u>	<u>\$ 1,076,210</u>	<u>\$ 3,047,436</u>

18. PROVISIONS

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Current Inventory purchase commitments	\$ 127,313	\$ 123,073	\$ 122,156
Warranties	76,344	74,785	80,798
	<u>\$ 203,657</u>	<u>\$ 197,858</u>	<u>\$ 202,954</u>
Non-current Warranties	<u>\$ 79,609</u>	<u>\$ 74,987</u>	<u>\$ 58,904</u>
	Inventory Purchase Commitments	Warranties	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023 Additional provisions recognized Paid	\$ 118,616 3,540	\$ 148,479 52,558 (61,335)	\$ 267,095 56,098 (61,335)
Balance at June 30, 2023	<u>\$ 122,156</u>	<u>\$ 139,702</u>	<u>\$ 261,858</u>
Balance at January 1, 2024 Additional provisions recognized Paid	\$ 123,073 4,240	\$ 149,772 65,185 (59,004)	\$ 272,845 69,425 (59,004)
Balance at June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 127,313</u>	<u>\$ 155,953</u>	<u>\$ 283,266</u>

The provisions for losses on inventory purchase commitments represent the present obligations of which the unavoidable costs for meeting the obligations under the commitments exceed the economic benefits expected to be received from the commitments.

The provisions for warranty claims represent the present value of management's best estimate of the future outflow of economic benefits that will be required under the Group's obligations for warranties under the local sale of goods legislation. The estimate had been made on the basis of historical warranty trends.

19. OTHER LIABILITIES

		December 31,	
	June 30, 2024	2023	June 30, 2023
Withholding Others	\$ 3,425 5,837	\$ 3,403 <u>4,437</u>	\$ 3,332 <u>4,593</u>
	<u>\$ 9,262</u>	<u>\$ 7,840</u>	<u>\$ 7,925</u>

20. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

a. Defined contribution plan

The Company adopted a pension plan under the Labor Pension Act (LPA), which is a state-managed defined contribution plan. Under the LPA, an entity makes monthly contributions to employees' individual pension accounts at 6% of monthly salaries and wages.

The total expense recognized in profit or loss for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$4,029 thousand, \$3,841 thousand, \$8,048 thousand and \$7,617 thousand, respectively, represents contributions payable to these plans by the Company at rates specified in the rules of the plans.

There were no regular employees for Yi-Jan Overseas Investment Co., Ltd. and Jetford Inc. as of June 30, 2024; therefore, the subsidiaries had no pension plan for employees.

b. Defined benefit plan

Employee benefit expenses in respect of the Group's defined benefit retirement plans were \$519 thousand, \$471 thousand, \$1,038 thousand and \$942 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and were calculated using the actuarially determined pension cost discount rate as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

21. EQUITY

a. Capital surplus

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Excess from spin-off	\$ 5,986,507	\$ 5,986,507	\$ 5,986,507
Generated from investments accounted for using the equity method	2,461	2,461	2,461
	<u>\$ 5,988,968</u>	<u>\$ 5,988,968</u>	<u>\$ 5,988,968</u>

The capital surplus arising from shares issued in excess of par (including excess from spin-off) may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or transferred to capital stock (limited to a certain percentage of the Company's capital surplus and to once a year).

The capital surplus from investments accounted for using the equity method may not be used for any purpose.

b. Retained earnings and dividend policy

Under the dividend policy as set forth in the amended Articles, where the Company made a profit in a fiscal year, the profit shall be first utilized for paying taxes, offsetting losses of previous years, setting aside as legal reserve 10% of the remaining profit, setting aside or reversing special reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations, and then any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be used by the Company's board of directors as the basis for proposing a distribution plan, which should be resolved in the stockholders' meeting for the distribution of dividends and bonuses to stockholders. For the policies on the distribution of compensation of employees after the amendment, refer to Note 23-e. on compensation of employees.

The Company operates in a mature and stable industry. In determining the distribution of dividends, the Company considers factors such as the impact of dividends on reported profitability, cash required for future operations, any potential changes in the industry, interest of the stockholders and the effect on the of Company's financial ratios. The amount of dividends, which can be cash dividends or stock dividends, is formulated to be less than 90% of net income, though the final issued ratios would be proposed and approved by the board of directors. Cash dividends should be at least 20% of total dividends to be distributed to the stockholders.

Appropriation of earnings to the legal reserve shall be made until the legal reserve equals the Company's capital surplus. The legal reserve may be used to offset deficit. If the Company has no deficit and the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's capital surplus, the excess may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash.

The appropriations of earnings for 2023 and 2022 had been approved in the stockholders' meetings on June 27, 2024 and June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	For the Y	Appropriation of Earnings For the Year Ended December 31		r Share (NT\$) ear Ended iber 31
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Legal reserve Cash dividends	\$ 114,702 1,044,000	\$ 244,396 2,166,000	\$3.48	\$7.22

22. REVENUE

a. Contract balances

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023	January 1, 2023
Notes receivable (Note 9) Trade receivables (Note 9)	<u>\$</u> <u>\$36,426</u>	<u>\$ 855</u> <u>\$ 26,827</u>	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 930</u> <u>\$ 23,800</u>
Trade receivables - related parties (Note 29)	<u>\$ 504,910</u>	<u>\$ 150,101</u>	<u>\$ 649,535</u>	<u>\$ 356,964</u>
Contract liabilities Designing and performing R&D of cars	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 2,022</u>	<u>\$ 21,817</u>	<u>\$ 70,028</u>

The changes in the contract liability balances primarily result from the timing difference between the Group's satisfaction of performance obligations and the customer's payment.

Revenue recognized in the current year from the satisfaction of performance obligations of contract liabilities at the beginning of the year is as follows:

	For the Six M Jun	
	2024	2023
From contract liabilities at the beginning of the year Designing and performing R&D of cars	<u>\$ 2,022</u>	<u>\$ 69,725</u>

b. Disaggregation of revenue

Refer to Note 34 for information about disaggregation of revenue.

c. Partially completed contracts

The performance obligations that are not fully satisfied and the expected timing for recognition of revenue are as follows.

	June 30), 2024	December 2023	- 31, June 30, 2023
Designing and performing R&D of cars For the year ended December 31, 2023 For the year ended December 31, 2024	\$	-	\$ 2,02	- \$ 9,353 22 <u>12,464</u>
	<u>\$</u>	_	<u>\$ 2,02</u>	<u>\$ 21,817</u>

23. NET PROFIT

a. Other operating income and expenses

	For the Three Months Ended June 30			
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 11</u>	<u>\$</u>

b. Depreciation and amortization

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ende June 30	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
An analysis of depreciation by function				
Operating costs Operating expenses	\$ 41,853 23,943	\$ 66,896 22,561	\$ 86,238 <u>47,168</u>	\$ 183,530 <u>46,049</u>
	<u>\$ 65,796</u>	<u>\$ 89,457</u>	<u>\$ 133,406</u>	<u>\$ 229,579</u>
An analysis of amortization by function				
Operating costs	\$ 1,639	\$ 2,188	\$ 1,639	\$ 4,376
Operating expenses	1,817	1,476	3,546	2,924
	<u>\$ 3,456</u>	<u>\$ 3,664</u>	<u>\$ 5,185</u>	<u>\$ 7,300</u>

c. Remuneration for technical services

	For the Three Months Ended June 30			Ionths Ended e 30
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Operating costs (Note 29)	<u>\$ 68,807</u>	<u>\$ 82,609</u>	<u>\$ 173,820</u>	<u>\$ 191,493</u>

Remuneration for technical services is the payment for technical services.

d. Employee benefits expense

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six M Jun	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Post-employment benefits (Note 20)				
Defined contribution plans	\$ 4,029	\$ 3,841	\$ 8,048	\$ 7,617
Defined benefit plans	519	471	1,038	942
	4,548	4,312	9,086	8,559
Labor and health insurance	9,051	8,632	20,922	19,665
Salary	118,984	109,569	253,701	234,803
Other employee benefits	10,541	<u>11,959</u>	22,137	23,922
	138,576	130,160	296,760	278,390
Total employee benefits expense	<u>\$ 143,124</u>	<u>\$ 134,472</u>	<u>\$ 305,846</u>	<u>\$ 286,949</u>
An analysis of employee benefits expense by function				
Operating expenses	\$ 143,119	\$ 134,411	\$ 305,836	\$ 286,883
Non-operating expenses	5	61	10	66
	<u>\$ 143,124</u>	<u>\$ 134,472</u>	<u>\$ 305,846</u>	<u>\$ 286,949</u>

e. Compensation of employees

The Company accrued compensation of employees at the rates no less than 0.1% of net profit before income tax, and compensation of employees. The compensation of employees for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 and the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, were as follows:

Accrual rate

	For the Six M Jun	
	2024	2023
Compensation of employees	0.27%	0.10%

Amount

	For the Three Months Ended June 30			Ionths Ended e 30
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Compensation of employees	<u>\$ 1,200</u>	<u>\$ 97</u>	<u>\$ 3,200</u>	<u>\$ 637</u>

If there is a change in amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in accounting estimate.

The appropriations of compensation of employees for 2023 and 2022 that were resolved by the board of directors on March 12, 2024 and March 14, 2023, respectively, are as shown below.

	For the Year End	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2023	2022		
	Cash	Cash		
Compensation of employees	\$ 2,934	\$ 3,056		

There was no difference between the actual amounts of compensation of employees paid and the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Information on the compensation of employees resolved by the Company's board of directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

f. Gain (loss) on foreign currency exchange, net

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Foreign exchange gains Foreign exchange losses	\$ 13,842 (4,856)	\$ 23,696 (55,612)	\$ 136,085 (56,255)	\$ 37,560 (62,743)
Net profit (losses)	<u>\$ 8,986</u>	<u>\$ (31,916</u>)	<u>\$ 79,830</u>	<u>\$ (25,183</u>)

24. INCOME TAXES

a. Income tax recognized in profit or loss

The major components of tax expense were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Current tax				
In respect of the current year	\$ 13,997	\$ 23,129	\$ 86,162	\$ 55,977
Income tax on				
unappropriated earnings	-	1,678	-	1,678
Adjustments for prior periods	11,065	(3,688)	11,065	(3,688)
Deferred tax				
In respect of the current year	44,780	6,257	120,261	67,636
Income tax expense recognized	¢ (0.04 0	ф од од с	¢ 017 400	¢ 101 c02
in profit or loss	<u>\$ 69,842</u>	<u>\$ 27,376</u>	<u>\$ 217,488</u>	<u>\$ 121,603</u>

Under the laws of the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands, Yi-Jan Overseas Investment Co., Ltd. and Jetford Inc., respectively, are tax-exempt.

b. Installment payments of income tax

Due to impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group applied to the National Taxation Bureau for the payment of its income tax for the year 2019 in 36 equal installments on a monthly basis starting from July 2020 in accordance with Rule No. 10904533690 issued by the Ministry of Finance (MOF) of the Republic of China. As of June 30, 2024, the payments have been settled.

c. Income tax assessment

The Company's tax returns through 2022 have been assessed by the tax authorities.

25. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The earnings and weighted-average number of common stock outstanding used in the computation of earnings per share were as follows:

Net Profit for the Period

	For the Three Months Ended June 30		For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Earnings used in the computation of basic and diluted earnings per				
share	<u>\$ 382,724</u>	<u>\$ 129,308</u>	<u>\$ 981,903</u>	<u>\$ 515,025</u>

Weighted-average Number of Common Stock Outstanding (In Thousands of Shares)

	For the Three June		For the Six Months Ended June 30		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Weighted-average number of common stock used in the computation of basic earnings	200.000	200.000	200.000	200.000	
per share Effect of potential dilutive common stock:	300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000	
Compensation of employees	12	2	19	8	
Weighted average number of common stock used in the computation of diluted earnings					
per share	300,012	300,002	300,019	300,008	

The Group may settle compensation paid to employees in cash or stocks; therefore, the Group assumes that the entire amount of the compensation will be settled in stocks and the resulting potential stocks will be included in the weighted average number of stocks outstanding used in the computation of diluted earnings per share, if the effect is dilutive. Such dilutive effect of the potential stocks is included in the computation of diluted earnings per share until the number of stocks to be distributed to employees is resolved in the following year.

26. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

a. Non-cash transactions

For the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Group entered into the following non-cash investing activities:

				Fe	For the Six Months Ended June 30			
					2024	2023		
	Investing activities affecting	both cash and	non-cash transa	ctions_				
	Increase in property, plant as Net changes of prepayment Net changes of trade payable	for equipment			56,383 (39,691) (1,429)	\$ 5,022 2,536 <u>3,769</u>		
	Cash paid for acquisition of	property, plant	and equipment	<u>\$</u>	<u>15,263</u>	<u>\$ 11,327</u>		
b.	Changes in liabilities arising	from financing	g activities					
		Opening Balance	Cash Flows	New Leases	Disposals	June 30, 2024		
	Lease liabilities	<u>\$ 607,097</u>	<u>\$ (24,859</u>)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (2,203</u>)	<u>\$ 580,035</u>		

	Opening Balance	Cash Flows	New Leases	Disposals	June 30, 2023
Lease liabilities	<u>\$ 658,024</u>	<u>\$ (27,039</u>)	<u>\$ 1,563</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 632,548</u>

27. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as going concerns while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance.

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Fair value of financial instruments that are not measured at fair value

The carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value are approximately equal to their fair values.

- b. Fair value of financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis
 - 1) Fair value hierarchy

June 30, 2024

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Mutual funds	<u>\$ 3,296,769</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 3,296,769</u>
December 31, 2023				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Mutual funds	<u>\$ 900,959</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 900,959</u>
June 30, 2023				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Mutual funds	<u>\$ 2,502,469</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 2,502,469</u>

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 in the current and prior periods.

2) Valuation techniques and assumptions applied for the purpose of fair value measurement

The fair value of mutual funds traded on active market is the net asset value on the balance sheet date. If there is no market price, the fair value is determined by the redemption value. The estimates and assumptions used by the Group were consistent with those that market participants would use in setting a price for the financial instrument.

c. Categories of financial instruments

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Financial assets			
Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) Mandatorily at FVTPL Financial assets at amortized cost (Note 1)	\$ 3,296,769 6,437,943	\$ 900,959 7,986,669	\$ 2,502,469 3,282,288
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortized cost (Note 2)	1,908,393	1,426,857	1,647,761

- Note 1: The balances included financial assets measured at amortized cost, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months, notes receivable, trade receivables, other receivables and restricted deposits.
- Note 2: The balances included financial liabilities measured at amortized cost, which comprise trade payables and part of other payables.
- d. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, trade receivables, trade payables, and lease liabilities. The Group's corporate treasury function coordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports which analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

1) Market risk

The Group's activities exposed it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and other prices.

There had been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks were managed and measured. Sensitivity analysis evaluates the impact of a reasonably possible change in interest or foreign currency rates over a year. Details of the sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risk and for interest rate risk are set out in (a) and (b) below.

a) Foreign currency risk

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are set out in Note 32.

Sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to the RMB, U.S. dollar and Japanese yen.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in the functional currency against the relevant foreign currencies. 5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis included only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items, and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. A negative number below indicates a decrease in pre-tax profit associated with the functional currency weakening 5% against the relevant currency. For a 5% weakening of the functional currency against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on pre-tax profit and the balances below would be positive.

	Renn	Renminbi For the Six Months Ended June 30		U.S. Dollar For the Six Months Ended June 30		Japanese Yen For the Six Months Ended June 30		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2	2024	2	2023
Gain (loss)	\$ (52,992)	\$(49,534)	\$ (48,089)	\$ (26,939)	\$	(512)	\$	(896)

These were mainly attributable to the exposure on outstanding RMB, U.S. dollar and Japanese yen denominated cash in bank, repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds, receivables and payables, which were not hedged at the end of the reporting period.

b) Interest rate risk

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	December 31,			
	June 30, 2024	2023	June 30, 2023	
Fair value interest rate risk				
Financial assets	\$ 5,000,053	\$ 3,308,875	\$ 1,776,976	
Financial liabilities	580,035	607,097	632,548	
Cash flows interest rate risk				
Financial assets	770,551	4,387,883	730,278	

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below were determined based on the Group's exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. A 25-basis point increase or decrease was used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 25 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit for the six months ended June 30, 2024 would increase/decrease by \$963 thousand which were mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its demand deposits and time deposits.

If interest rates had been 25 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit for the six months ended June 30, 2023 would increase/decrease by \$913 thousand which were mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its demand deposits and time deposits.

c) Other price risk

The Group was exposed to price risk through its investments in funds. The Group manages this exposure by investing in a diversified portfolio of investments with different risks.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below was determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting period.

If the fund's value had been 1% higher/lower, pre-tax profit for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 would have been higher/lower by \$32,968 thousand and \$25,025 thousand, respectively, as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL.

2) Credit risk

The Group's concentration of credit risk of 69%, 40% and 54% in total trade receivables as of June 30, 2024, December 31, 2023 and June 30, 2023, respectively, was related to the Group's largest customer within the vehicle department and the five largest customers within the parts department.

3) Liquidity risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring and maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition, management monitors the utilization of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Group relies on bank borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. As of June 30, 2024, December 31, 2023 and June 30, 2023, the available unutilized borrowings facilities were both \$5,700,000 thousand.

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturities for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables had been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities from the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

June 30, 2024

	On Demand or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years	5+ Years
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities	\$ 1,855,278 <u>4,435</u>	\$ 1,096,180 <u>8,706</u>	\$ 935 	\$ <u>-</u> <u>153,980</u>	\$ - <u>425,709</u>
	<u>\$ 1,859,713</u>	<u>\$ 1,104,886</u>	<u>\$ 39,255</u>	<u>\$ 153,980</u>	<u>\$ 425,709</u>

Additional information about the maturity analysis for lease liabilities:

	Less than 1 Year	1-5 Years	5-10 Years	10-15 Years	15-20 Years	20+ Years
Lease liabilities	<u>\$ 51,461</u>	<u>\$ 153,980</u>	<u>\$ 156,461</u>	<u>\$ 129,303</u>	<u>\$ 77,420</u>	<u>\$ 62,525</u>

December 31, 2023

	On Demand or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years	5+ Years
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities	\$ 1,384,480 <u>4,423</u>	\$ 29,408 8,846	\$ 12,969 	\$ - <u>164,081</u>	\$ - <u>443,547</u>
	<u>\$ 1,388,903</u>	<u>\$ 38,254</u>	<u>\$ 51,388</u>	<u>\$ 164,081</u>	<u>\$ 443,547</u>

Additional information about the maturity analysis for lease liabilities:

	Less than 1 Year	1-5 Years	5-10 Years	10-15 Years	15-20 Years	20+ Years
Lease liabilities	<u>\$ 51,688</u>	<u>\$ 164,081</u>	<u>\$ 156,843</u>	<u>\$ 136,499</u>	<u>\$ 79,336</u>	<u>\$ 70,869</u>

June 30, 2023

	On Demand or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years	5+ Years
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities	\$ 1,601,650 <u>4,930</u>	\$ 2,209,399 <u>9,860</u>	\$ 2,712 42,088	\$ <u>-</u> <u>173,225</u>	\$ - <u>459,452</u>
	<u>\$ 1,606,580</u>	<u>\$ 2,219,259</u>	<u>\$ 44,800</u>	<u>\$ 173,225</u>	<u>\$ 459,452</u>

Additional information about the maturity analysis for lease liabilities:

	Less than 1 Year	1-5 Years	5-10 Years	10-15 Years	15-20 Years	20+ Years
Lease liabilities	<u>\$ 56,878</u>	<u>\$ 173,225</u>	<u>\$ 157,063</u>	<u>\$ 143,312</u>	<u>\$ 80,870</u>	<u>\$ 78,207</u>

29. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

In addition to those disclosed in other notes, the Group had business transactions with the following related parties:

a. Related parties

Related Party	Relationship with the Group			
Investors that have significant influence over the Group				
Nissan Motor Corporation ("Nissan")	Equity-method investor of the Company			
Yulon Motor Co., Ltd. ("Yulon")	Same as above			
Other related parties				
Nissan Trading Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of Nissan			
Nissan Trading Europe Ltd.	Same as above			
Nissan Trading (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Nissan Trading China Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Nissan Motor Egypt S.A.E.	Same as above			
Nissan Import Egypt, Ltd.	Same as above			
PT. Nissan Motor Indonesia ("NMI")	Same as above			
Nissan Mexicana, S.A. De C. V.	Same as above			
Nissan Motor (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
PT Nissan Motor Distributor Indonesia	Same as above			
Nissan North America, Inc.	Same as above			
Nissan International SA	Same as above			
Nissan Creative Service Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Nissan Do Brasil Automoveis Ltda	Same as above			
Nissan Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Substantial related party of Nissan			
	Same as above			
Nissan Philippines Inc. INFINITI Motor Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Renault Nissan Automotive India Private Ltd.				
	Same as above			
Nissan Motorsports & Customizing Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Nissan (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Dongfeng Motor Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Dongfeng Nissan Passenger Vehicle Co.	Same as above			
Allied Engineering Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Chien Tai Industry Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Taiwan Calsonic Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Yulon Finance Corporation	Subsidiary of Yulon			
Yueki Industrial Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Yu Pong Business Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Yushin Motor Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Yu Chang Motor Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Yu Sing Motor Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Empower Motor Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Uni Auto Parts Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Chan Yun Technology Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Y-teks Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Luxgen Motor Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Yue Sheng Industrial Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Yulon Energy Service Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Ka-Plus Automobile Leasing Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Singan Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
Sinjang Co., Ltd.	Same as above			
	(Continu			

(Continued)

Yufong Property Management Co., LTD. Univation Motor Philippines, Inc. Uni Calsonic Corporation China Ogihara Corporation Yuan Lon Motor Co., Ltd. Chen Long Co., Ltd. Yulon Management Co., Ltd. ROC Spicer Co., Ltd. Yu Tang Motor Co., Ltd. Tokio Marine Newa Insurance Co., Ltd. Hua-Chuang Automobile Information Technical Center Co., Ltd. Taiway, Ltd. Kian Shen Corporation Hui-Lian Motor Co., Ltd. Le-Wen Co., Ltd. San Long Industrial Co., Ltd. Tai Yuen Textile Co., Ltd. China Motor Corporation Carnival Textile Industrial Corporation Foxtron Vehicle Technologies Co., Ltd Singual Technology Co., Ltd. Hsiang Shou Enterprise Co., Ltd. Hong Shou Culture Enterprise Co., Ltd. Shinshin Credit Corporation Yu Pool Co., Ltd. Yu-Jan Co., Ltd. Tang Li Enterprise Co., Ltd. Ding Long Motor Co., Ltd. Lian Cheng Motor Co., Ltd. CL Skylite Trading Co., Ltd. Yuan Jyh Motor Co., Ltd. Yuan Rui Auto Co., Ltd. Da Teng Transportation Co., Ltd. Diamond Auto Service Co., Ltd. Yes Charging Service Co., Ltd. Hsieh Kuan Manpower Service Co., Ltd. Tan Wang Co., Ltd. Y.M. Hi-Tech Industry Ltd. DFS Industrial Group Co., Ltd.

Luxgen Taoyuan Motor Co., Ltd. Luxgen Taichung Motor Co., Ltd. Luxgen Kaohsiung Motor Co., Ltd. ROC-Keeper Industrial Ltd. Kuen You Trading Co., Ltd. Fengye Leasing Co., Ltd. Euniton Enterprise Co., Ltd. Sub-subsidiary of Yulon Substantial related party of Yulon Same as above Substantial related party of the Company Substantial related party of Hua-Chuang Subsidiary of Singan Co., Ltd. Same as above Same as above Subsidiary of Yulon Finance Corporation Subsidiary of Yushin Motor Co., Ltd. Subsidiary of Yu Sing Motor Co., Ltd. Subsidiary of Yu Tang Motor Co., Ltd. Subsidiary of Chen Long Co., Ltd. Same as above Sub-subsidiary of Chen Long Co., Ltd. Subsidiary of Yuan Lon Motor Co., Ltd. Same as above Sub-subsidiary of Ka-Plus Automobile Leasing Co., Ltd. Subsidiary of Ka-Plus Automobile Leasing Co., Ltd. Same as above Subsidiary of Diamond Auto Service Co., Ltd. Subsidiary of Yu Chang Motor Co., Ltd. Subsidiary of China Ogihara Corporation Substantial related party of Dongfeng Nissan Passenger Vehicle Co. Subsidiary of Luxgen Motor Co., Ltd. Same as above Same as above Subsidiary of ROC Spicer Co., Ltd. Investee of Yu Sing Motor Co., Ltd. Subsidiary of CL Skylite Trading Co., Ltd. Substantial related party of Empower Motors Co., Ltd. (Concluded)

b. Related party transaction details

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which were related parties of the Company, had been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Details of transactions between the Group and its related parties were disclosed below:

1) Operating transactions

	For the Three Months Ended June 30					For the Six M Jun		
		2024		2023		2024		2023
Sales								
Yulon Finance Corporation Investors that have	\$	4,996,695	\$	5,000,080	\$	11,625,745	\$	11,021,302
significant influence		1,058		389		1,553		919
Other related parties		788,384		984,165		1,625,131		1,856,727
	<u>\$</u>	5,786,137	<u>\$</u>	5,984,634	<u>\$</u>	13,252,429	<u>\$</u>	12,878,948
Service revenue								
Nissan Nissan (China) Investment	\$	35,681	\$	79,434	\$	66,242	\$	156,580
Co., Ltd.		20				20		
	\$	35,701	\$	79,434	<u>\$</u>	66,262	<u>\$</u>	156,580

The Company designs and performs R&D of cars mainly for Nissan. Service revenue is recognized according to the related contracts.

	For	For the Three Months Ended June 30			For the Six Months End June 30			Ended
		2024	-	2023		2024		2023
Other operating revenue								
Yu Chang Motor Co., Ltd. Yu Sing Motor Co., Ltd Yuan Lon Motor Co., Ltd Nissan Trading Co., Ltd. Other related parties	\$	3,648 2,805 2,146 8,821		4,149 2,581 2,920 - 11,511	\$	7,576 5,246 5,237 		6,906 4,870 5,248 10,891 22,340
	\$	17,420	\$	21,161	<u>\$</u>	38,422	\$	50,255

Other operating revenue mainly arose from the sale of the extended warranty services.

	For the Three Months Ended June 30			For the Six Months Ende June 30				
		2024		2023		2024		2023
Operating costs - purchases								
Yulon Nissan Other related parties	\$	4,993,571 2,155 <u>6,037</u>	\$	5,034,356 3,626 14,965	\$ 1	11,349,075 4,014 <u>13,399</u>	\$	10,909,663 8,528 29,442
	\$	5,001,763	\$	5,052,947	<u>\$</u>	1,366,488	<u>\$</u>	10,947,633
Operating costs - TCA								
Nissan Nissan Motorsports &	\$	68,791	\$	82,506	\$	173,788	\$	191,376
Customizing Co., Ltd		16		103		32		117
	\$	68,807	\$	82,609	\$	173,820	\$	191,493

The remuneration for technical services is the payment for technical services provided by Nissan and Nissan Motorsports & Customizing Co., Ltd. based on the Company's technical cooperation agreements with the two companies. The remuneration for technical services provided by Nissan is calculated based on the purchase costs less the commodity tax of each vehicle model, while the remuneration for technical services provided by Nissan Motorsports & Customizing Co., Ltd. is calculated based on the R&D fees of each vehicle model plus the royalty fees of each vehicle sold.

	For the Three Months Ended June 30			For the Six Months Ended June 30			s Ended	
		2024		2023		2024		2023
Selling and marketing expenses								
Investors that have significant influence Other related parties	\$	4,891 274,922	\$	3,987 207,902	\$	9,485 498,866	\$	10,859 <u>414,301</u>
	<u>\$</u>	279,813	<u>\$</u>	211,889	<u>\$</u>	508,351	<u>\$</u>	425,160
General and administrative expenses								
Yulon Management Co.,								
Ltd.	\$	-	\$	73,650	\$	32,770	\$	127,512
Investors that have significant influence Other related parties		3,856 4,811		2,337 2,843		7,226 8,965		4,627 4,705
	<u>\$</u>	8,667	<u>\$</u>	78,830	<u>\$</u>	48,961	<u>\$</u>	136,844

	For the Three Months Ended June 30			For the Six Months Ended June 30			s Ended	
		2024		2023		2024		2023
Research and development expenses								
Yulon Nissan Other related parties	\$	6,707 1,054 <u>118</u>	\$	34,620 5,614 <u>3,841</u>	\$	16,532 4,683 <u>1,870</u>	\$	68,783 5,614 <u>5,757</u>
	<u>\$</u>	7,879	\$	44,075	<u>\$</u>	23,085	<u>\$</u>	80,154

Selling and marketing expenses are payments to other related parties for advertisement and promotion.

General and administrative expenses are payments to Yulon Management Co., Ltd. for consulting, labor dispatch and IT services.

Research and development expenses are payments for payments for prototype fees, sample fees and services related to the provision of system platform research for each vehicle model.

2) Non-operating transactions

		Months Ended ne 30	For the Six Months Ended June 30			
	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Overseas business expenses						
Yulon	<u>\$ 1,390</u>	<u>\$ 1,127</u>	<u>\$ 2,997</u>	<u>\$ 2,889</u>		
3) Receivables from related part	ies					

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Trade receivables			
Yulon Finance Corporation Nissan Investors that have significant influence Ka-Plus Automobile Leasing Co., Ltd. Other related parties	\$ 355,454 40,237 1,873 <u>107,346</u> <u>\$ 504,910</u>	\$ 50,752 19,707 977 	\$ 383,148 16,498 199,789 <u>50,100</u> <u>\$ 649,535</u>
Other receivables			
Yulon Other related parties	\$ 83,407 1,097	\$ 79,685 <u>16,142</u>	\$ 95,524 <u>975</u>
	<u>\$ 84,504</u>	<u>\$ 95,827</u>	<u>\$ 96,499</u>

Other receivables from Yulon are mainly purchase discounts and commodity taxes paid by the Company on behalf of Yulon.

Trade receivables from related parties are unsecured. For the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, no impairment loss was recognized on trade receivables from related parties.

4) Prepayments

		December 31,	
	June 30, 2024	2023	June 30, 2023
Yulon Management Co., Ltd.	<u>\$ 87,300</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 87,300</u>

Prepayments to Yulon are for consulting, labor dispatch and IT services.

5) Refundable deposits

		December 31,	
	June 30, 2024	2023	June 30, 2023
Yulon	<u>\$ 203,923</u>	<u>\$ 203,013</u>	<u>\$ 242,987</u>

Refundable deposits are mainly for materials the Company paid to Yulon.

6) Contract liabilities

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Nissan	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 2,022</u>	<u>\$ 21,817</u>

7) Payables to related parties

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Trade payables			
Yulon Nissan Dongfeng Nissan Passenger Vehicle Co. Other related parties	\$ 638,317 68,790 - <u>1,800</u> <u>\$ 708,907</u>	\$ 222,524 65,415 <u>13,593</u> <u>\$ 301,532</u>	\$ 462,988 82,505 69,398 <u>7,683</u> <u>\$ 622,574</u>
Other payables			
Investors that have significant influence Nissan Other related parties	\$ 26,729 2,400 <u>69,045</u>	\$ 18,870 	\$ 32,859 2,400 <u>127,427</u>
	<u>\$ 98,174</u>	<u>\$ 112,908</u>	<u>\$ 162,686</u>

Trade payables to related parties are unsecured as of June 30, 2024, December 31, 2023 and June 30, 2023; the balance of payables for purchases of equipment from other payables was \$575 thousand, \$74 thousand and \$71 thousand, respectively.

8) Acquisition of property, plant and equipment

	For		Price ths Ended	Fo	<u>Acquisit</u> or the Six N Jun	
Related Party/Name		2024	2023		2024	2023
Yulon Other related parties	\$	4,235	\$ -	\$	4,872	\$ - 90
	\$	4,235	\$ 	<u>\$</u>	4,872	\$ 90

9) Disposal of property, plant and equipment

	Disposal Price		Gain on	Disposal
	For the Three	For the Six	For the Three	For the Six
	Months Ended	Months Ended	Months Ended	Months Ended
Related Party/Name	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2024
Yulon	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 11</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 11</u>

10) Lease arrangements

		Months Ended ie 30		Months Ended ne 30
Related Party	2024	2023	2024	2023
Acquisitions of <u>right-of-use assets</u>				
Yulon	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 1,563</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 1,563</u>

The Group's monthly rental expenses are primarily comprised of activity centers for its executives for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The lease terms of the contracts were 5 years; the rental expenses are paid monthly.

Line Item	Related Party Category/Name	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Lease liabilities	Yulon Other related parties	\$ 578,018 <u>722</u>	\$ 602,437 <u>2,466</u>	\$ 625,719 <u>5,763</u>
		<u>\$ 578,740</u>	<u>\$ 604,903</u>	<u>\$ 631,482</u>

If the lease term is not specified in the lease contract with Yulon, the lease term is until the date of lease termination as agreed by both parties.

Related Party	For		Mon e 30	ths Ended	Fo	r the Six M Jun	Ionth e 30	s Ended
Category/Name		2024		2023		2024		2023
Interest expense								
Yulon Other related parties	\$	1,337 2	\$	1,444 <u>15</u>	\$	2,703 7	\$	2,913 <u>34</u>
	<u>\$</u>	1,339	\$	1,459	<u>\$</u>	2,710	\$	2,947

Interest expense is for lease liabilities.

Related Party	For t		Mont e 30	hs Ended	Fo	r the Six M Jun		Ended
Category/Name	2	024		2023	2	2024		2023
Lease expense								
Yulon Other related parties	\$	471 <u>61</u>	\$	638 141	\$	934 201	\$	1,277 281
	\$	532	<u>\$</u>	779	<u>\$</u>	1,135	<u>\$</u>	1,558

Lease expenses included expenses relating to short-term leases that do not depend on an index or a rate.

Future lease payables related to short-term leases are as follows:

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
Future lease payables	<u>\$ 2,414</u>	<u>\$ 2,433</u>	<u>\$ 2,995</u>

c. Remuneration of key management personnel

	For	the Three Jun	Montl e 30	ns Ended	F	or the Six M Jun	Ionth e 30	s Ended
		2024		2023		2024		2023
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	\$	9,713 <u>84</u>	\$	8,441 505	\$	20,415 <u>114</u>	\$	17,662 995
	\$	9,797	\$	8,946	<u>\$</u>	20,529	<u>\$</u>	18,657

The remuneration of directors and key executives was determined by the remuneration committee, is based on the performance of individuals and market trends.

- d. Other transactions with related parties
 - 1) Trade receivables sold to Yulon Finance Corporation

The Company sold to Yulon Finance Corporation trade receivables which amounted to \$973,567 thousand and \$977,526 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company had received cash payments of \$949,481 thousand and \$937,392 thousand, respectively. Based on the related contract, the amount of receivables sold is limited to the amount of guarantee provided by the original debtor to Yulon Finance Corporation. The interest rates of the Company's trade receivables sold to Yulon Finance Corporation for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 were 3.13%-3.25% and 3.03%-3.12%; and the interest expenses recognized were \$691 thousand and \$662 thousand, respectively.

As of June 30, 2024, the Company sold trade receivables to Yulon Finance Corporation without recourse. The sale resulted in the derecognition of these trade receivables because the Company transferred the significant risks and rewards relating to the accounts to the buyer.

2) Molds contract signed with Diamond Leasing Service Co., Ltd.

The contract is valid from the date of signing of the contract to the production end date of the car model. As of June 30, 2024, the contract amount of molds still under production, which was paid in installments based on the progress of the contract, was \$370,088 thousand (excluding business tax; including the molds contract, which amounted to \$69,360 thousand with Chan Yun Technology Co., Ltd. which was undertaken by Diamond Leasing Service Co., Ltd), and had been paid in full and recognized as property, plant and equipment. In addition, within the contract period, before the end of January every year, the Company should pay Diamond Leasing Service Co., Ltd., the amount of \$2.6 for every ten thousand dollars of the accumulated amount paid for molds in the prior year.

3) Molds contract signed with Shinshin Credit Corporation

The contract is valid from the date of signing of the contract to the production end date of the car model. As of June 30, 2024, the contract amount of molds still under production, which was paid in installments based on the progress of the contract, was \$488,226 thousand (excluding business tax), and had been paid in full and recognized as property, plant and equipment. In addition, within the contract period, before the end of January every year, the Company should pay Shinshin Credit Corporation the amount of \$2.6 for every ten thousand dollars of the accumulated amount paid for molds in the prior year.

4) Molds contract signed with Sinjang Co., Ltd.

The contract is valid from the date of signing of the contract to the production end date of the car model. As of June 30, 2024, the contract amount of molds still under production, which was paid in installments based on the progress of the contract, was \$485,303 thousand (excluding business tax), and had been paid in full and recognized as property, plant and equipment. In addition, within the contract period, before the end of January every year, the Company should pay Sinjang Co., Ltd. the amount of \$2.6 for every ten thousand dollars of the accumulated amount paid for molds in the prior year.

30. ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL OR FOR SECURITY

The following assets were provided as the deposits for the maintenance of military vehicles:

		December 31,	
	June 30, 2024	2023	June 30, 2023
Pledged deposits (classified as financial assets at amortized cost)	<u>\$ 2,159</u>	<u>\$ 2,145</u>	<u>\$ 2,132</u>

31. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

In addition to those disclosed in other notes, significant commitments and contingencies of the Group at June 30, 2024, December 31, 2023 and June 30, 2023 were as follows:

a. The Company re-signed a manufacturing contract with Yulon, effective on or after May 1, 2015, for 5 years. This contract, for which the first expiry date was on April 30, 2020, is automatically extended annually unless either party issues a termination notice at least three months before expiry. The contract states that the Company authorizes Yulon to manufacture Nissan automobiles and parts, and the Company is responsible for the subsequent development of new automobile parts. The manufacturing volume of Yulon under the contract should correspond to the Company's sales projection for the year. In addition, the Company has authorized Yulon as the original equipment manufacturer ("OEM") of automobile parts and after-sales service.

The Company is responsible for developing new car models, refining designs, and providing the sales projection to Yulon. Yulon is responsible for transforming the sales projections into manufacturing plans, making the related materials orders and purchases, providing product quality assurance, delivering cars, and shouldering warranty expenses due to any defects in products made by Yulon.

- b. The Company has a contract with Taiwan Acceptance Corporation for sale and purchase of vehicles. Besides, Taiwan Acceptance Corporation separately signed with dealers contracts for display of vehicles. If any dealer violates the display contract, resulting in the need for Taiwan Acceptance Corporation to recover the display vehicles, the Company must assist in the settlement or buy-back the vehicles at the original price. From the date of signing the sale and purchase contract to June 30, 2024, no buy-back of vehicles has occurred.
- c. Unrecognized commitments

		December 31,	
	June 30, 2024	2023	June 30, 2023
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	<u>\$ 242</u>	<u>\$ 1,396</u>	<u>\$ 29,340</u>

32. SIGNIFICANT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The Group's significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies aggregated by the foreign currencies other than functional currencies and the related exchange rates between the foreign currencies and the respective functional currencies were as follows:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and Foreign Currencies)

June 30, 2024

	Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
Financial assets			
Monetary items RMB USD RMB JPY	\$ 315 29,639 232,483 50,843	4.4450 (RMB:NTD) 32.450 (USD:NTD) 0.1403 (RMB:USD) 0.2017 (JPY:NTD)	\$ 1,400 961,786 1,058,433 10,255 \$ 2,031,874
Non-monetary items USD	390,034	32.450 (USD:NTD)	<u>\$ 12,656,609</u>
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items JPY	66	0.2017 (JPY:NTD)	<u>\$ 13</u>
$D_{acombox} 21, 2022$			
December 31, 2023			
December 51, 2025	Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
<u>Financial assets</u>		Exchange Rate	• •
		Exchange Rate 4.3270 (RMB:NTD) 30.705 (USD:NTD) 0.1412 (RMB:USD) 0.2172 (JPY:NTD)	Amount \$ 2,579,524 505,097 8,208,272 22,293
<u>Financial assets</u> Monetary items RMB USD RMB JPY Non-monetary items USD	Currencies \$ 596,146 16,450 1,893,250	4.3270 (RMB:NTD) 30.705 (USD:NTD) 0.1412 (RMB:USD)	Amount \$ 2,579,524 505,097 8,208,272
<u>Financial assets</u> Monetary items RMB USD RMB JPY Non-monetary items	Currencies \$ 596,146 16,450 1,893,250 102,637	4.3270 (RMB:NTD) 30.705 (USD:NTD) 0.1412 (RMB:USD) 0.2172 (JPY:NTD)	Amount \$ 2,579,524 505,097 8,208,272 22,293 \$ 11,315,186

June 30, 2023

	oreign rrencies	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
Financial assets			
Monetary items RMB USD RMB JPY	\$ 386 17,302 229,486 83,443	4.2820 (RMB:NTD) 31.140 (USD:NTD) 0.1384 (RMB:USD) 0.2150 (JPY:NTD)	\$ 1,653 538,784 989,033 <u>17,940</u> \$ 1,547,410
Non-monetary items USD <u>Financial liabilities</u>	529,865	31.140 (USD:NTD)	<u>\$ 16,499,990</u>
Monetary items JPY	70	0.2150 (JPY:NTD)	<u>\$ 15</u>

The significant realized and unrealized foreign exchange gains (losses) were as follows:

	For	the Three Mon	ths Ended June 30	
	2024		2023	
Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	Net Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss)	Exchange Rate	Net Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss)
RMB	4.4580 (RMB:NTD)	\$ 13	4.3740 (RMB:NTD)	\$ (68)
RMB	0.1407 (RMB:USD)	(4,431)	0.1427 (RMB:USD)	(48,837)
USD	32.355 (USD:NTD)	13,654	30.7050 (USD:NTD)	18,225
JPY	0.2076 (JPY:NTD)	(250)	0.2238 (JPY:NTD)	(1,236)
		<u>\$ 8,986</u>		<u>\$ (31,916</u>)

	Fo	r the Six Montl	ns Ended June 30			
	2024		2023			
Foreign Currency	Exchange Rate	Net Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss)	Exchange Rate	Net Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss)		
RMB	4.4120 (RMB:NTD)	\$ 13,476	4.4080 (RMB:NTD)	\$ (81)		
RMB	0.1407 (RMB:USD)	(16,387)	0.1444 (RMB:USD)	(35,876)		
USD	31.901 (USD:NTD)	83,416	30.550 (USD:NTD)	12,002		
JPY	0.2098 (JPY:NTD)	(675)	0.2269 (JPY:NTD)	(1,228)		
		<u>\$ 79,830</u>		<u>\$ (25,183</u>)		

33. SEPARATELY DISCLOSED ITEMS

- a. Information about significant transactions and investees:
 - 1) Financing provided to others: None
 - 2) Endorsements/guarantees provided: None
 - 3) Marketable securities held (excluding investment in subsidiaries and associates) (Table 1)
 - 4) Marketable securities acquired or disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
 - 5) Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
 - 6) Disposal of individual real estate at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
 - 7) Total purchases from or sales to related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (Table 2)
 - 8) Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (Table 3)
 - 9) Trading in derivative instruments: None
 - 10) Information on investees (Table 4)
 - 11) Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions (Table 5)
- b. Information on investments in mainland China
 - 1) Information on any investee company in mainland China, showing the name, principal business activities, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, ownership percentage, net income or loss, investment income or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the period, repatriated investment income, and limit on the amount of investments in the mainland China area (Table 6)
 - 2) Any of the following significant transactions with investee companies in mainland China, either directly or indirectly through a third area, and their prices, payment terms, and unrealized gains or losses: None
 - a) The amount and percentage of purchases and the balance and percentage of the related payables at the end of the period.
 - b) The amount and percentage of sales and the balance and percentage of the related receivables at the end of the period.
 - c) The amount of property transactions and the amount of the resultant gains or losses.
 - d) The balance of negotiable instrument endorsements or guarantees or pledges of collateral at the end of the period and the purposes.
 - e) The highest balance, the end of period balance, the interest rate range, and total current period interest with respect to financing of funds.

- f) Other transactions that have a material effect on the profit or loss for the period or on the financial position, such as the rendering or receiving of services.
- c. Information of major shareholders:

List all shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater showing the name of the shareholder, the number of shares owned, and percentage of ownership of each shareholder (Table 7)

34. SEGMENTS INFORMATION

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the types of goods or services delivered or provided. Specifically, the Group's reportable segments were as follows:

Vehicle segment: Vehicle sales Parts segment: Parts sales Investment segment: Overseas business activities Other segment: Other operating activities other than the above segments

a. Segment revenues and results

The following was an analysis of the Group's revenue and results from continuing operations by reportable segments.

	Reve	enue	Profit Be	efore Tax
	For the Six M Jun	Ionths Ended e 30		Ionths Ended e 30
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Vehicle segment	\$ 11,625,745	\$ 11,270,007	\$ 44,816	\$ (61,524)
Parts segment	1,771,212	1,748,310	345,021	339,331
Investment segment	-	-	647,515	348,083
Other segment	116,474	218,994	(55,915)	(11,027)
Total amount of business unit	<u>\$ 13,513,431</u>	<u>\$ 13,237,311</u>	981,437	614,863
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment			11	-
Interest income			124,877	33,429
Gain on disposal of investment Gain on fair value changes of financial assets at fair value			52	
through profit or loss, net			23,193	24,047
Foreign exchange gain (loss), net			79,830	(25,183)
Interest expense			(3,409)	(3,928)
Central administration costs and directors' compensation			(6,600)	(6,600)
Profit before tax			<u>\$ 1,199,391</u>	<u>\$ 636,628</u>

Segment revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment sales for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Segment profit represents the profit earned by each segment, excluding the allocation of gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, gain on disposal of investment, net, interest income, net, gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, net, foreign exchange gain (loss), net, interest expense, central administration costs and remuneration of directors, and income tax expense. The amount is provided to the chief operating decision maker for allocating resources and assessing the performance.

b. Segment total assets

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023		
Vehicle segment	\$ 740,019	\$ 811,519	\$ 897,071		
Parts segment	9,513	10,725	12,325		
Investment segment	12,656,609	11,424,105	16,499,990		
Other segment	168,440	146,489	126,301		
Total assets of the department	13,574,581	12,392,838	17,535,687		
Unallocated assets	11,102,315	10,212,751	6,998,445		
Consolidated total assets	<u>\$ 24,676,896</u>	<u>\$ 22,605,589</u>	<u>\$ 24,534,132</u>		

MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD JUNE 30, 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

					June 3	30, 2024		
Investor	Securities Type and Name	Relationship with the Investor	Financial Statement Account	Stocks (In Thousands)	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership	Market Value or Net Asset Value (Note)	Note
ulon Nissan Motor Company, Ltd.	Beneficiary certificates							
	SinoPac TWD Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 30,942	\$ 445,486	-	\$ 445,486	
	Taishin 1699 Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	29,618	415,786	-	415,786	
	Jih Sun Money Market Fund		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	15,025	230,735	-	230,735	
	Mega Diamond Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	14,676	190,578	-	190,578	
	Capital Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	11,413	190,555	-	190,555	
	FSITC Taiwan Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	11,386	180,410	-	180,410	
	PGIM Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	9,194	150,466	-	150,466	
	Hua Nan Phoenix Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	8,936	150,427	-	150,427	
	TCB The RSIT Enhanced Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	12,189	150,366	-	150,366	
	KGI Victory Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	10,890	130,402	-	130,402	
	Cathay Taiwan Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	10,153	130,392	-	130,392	
	Shin Kong Chi-Shin Money-Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	7,513	120,260	-	120,260	
	Taishin Ta-Chong Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	8,174	120,208	-	120,208	
	PineBridge Taiwan Money Market Securities Investment Trust Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	7,120	100,297	-	100,297	
	Fubon Chi-Hsiang Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6,183	100,221	-	100,221	
	Allianz Global Investors Taiwan Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	7,725	100,220	-	100,220	
	Yuanta Wan Tai Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6,398	100,173	-	100,173	
	Nomura Taiwan Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4,755	80,125	-	80,125	
	PineBridge Preferred Securities Income Fund USD A	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	133	53,987	-	53,987	
	Fuh Hwa You Li Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3,604	50,079	-	50,079	
	PineBridge Global Multi-Strategy High Yield Bond Fund I TWD	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,545	30,158	-	30,158	
	Allianz Global Investors Taiwan Intelligence Trend Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	186	26,020	-	26,020	
	Nomura Global Equity Fund NTD	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	800	25,344	-	25,344	
	Nomura Global Financial Bond Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,520	15,871	-	15,871	
	FSITC Global Utilities and Infrastructure Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	277	4,185	-	4,185	
	Fuh Hwa Heirloom Balance II Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	66	4,018	-	4,018	

Note: The fair value of the financial asset at fair value through profit or loss is calculated based on the asset's net value as of June 30, 2024.

TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Tra	nsaction	Details	Abnormal Tran	saction (Note 1)	Note/Accounts or Receiva	v	
Company Name	Related Party	Nature of Relationship	Purchase/ Sale	Amount	% to Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	0	% to Total (Note 2)	Note
Yulon Nissan Motor Company, Ltd.	Yulon	Equity-method investor of the Company	Purchase	\$ 11,349,075	99	4 days after sales for parts 3 days after sales for vehicles	\$-	-	\$ (638,317)	76	-
	Yulon Finance Corporation	Subsidiary of Yulon	Sale	11,625,745	87	Same as above	-	-	355,454	66	-
	Yu Chang Motor Co., Ltd.	Same as above	Sale	234,810	2	14 days after sales for parts	-	-	19,289	4	-
	Yuan Lon Motor Co., Ltd.	Substantial related party of Yulon	Sale	228,385	2	14 days after sales for parts Immediate payment for vehicles	-	-	18,591	3	-
	Yu Sing Motor Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of Yulon	Sale	189,916	1	Same as above	-	-	14,132	3	-
	Empower Motors Co., Ltd.	Same as above	Sale	185,295	1	14 days after sales for parts	-	-	17,808	3	-
	Hui-Lian Motor Co., Ltd.	Substantial related party of Yulon	Sale	182,209	1	14 days after sales for parts Immediate payment for vehicles	-	-	4,421	1	-
	Yushin Motor Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of Yulon	Sale	140,490	1	14 days after sales for parts	-	-	8,061	1	-
	Yu Tang Motor Co., Ltd.	Substantial related party of Yulon	Sale	129,749	1	Same as above	-	-	2,269	-	-
	Chen Long Co., Ltd.	Same as above	Sale	117,583	1	14 days after sales for parts Immediate payment for vehicles	-	-	3,086	1	-

Note 1: Transaction terms are based on agreements.

Note 2: Balances shown here are based on the carrying amount of the Company.

RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL HUNE 30, 2024

JUNE 30, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

					Overdue		Amounts	
Company Name	Related Party	Nature of Relationship	Financial Statement Account and Ending Balance	Turnover Rate (Note) Amount		Action Taken	Received in Subsequent Period	Allowance for Bad Debts
Yulon Nissan Motor Company, Ltd.	Yulon Finance Corporation	Subsidiary of Yulon	Trade receivables \$ 355,454	114.48	\$ -	_	\$ 355,454	\$ -

Note: The turnover rate was based on the carrying amount of the Company.

INFORMATION ON INVESTEES FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and U.S. Dollars)

			Main Businesses	Original Inves	tment Amount	As of June 30, 2024			Net Income of	Share of Profit	
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	and Products	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	Stocks (Thousands)	%	Carrying Amount	the Investee	(Note 1)	Note
Yulon Nissan Motor Company, Ltd.	Yi-Jan Overseas Investment Co., Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Investment	\$ 1,847,983 (US\$ 57,371)	\$ 1,847,983 (US\$ 57,371)	84,987	100	\$ 17,154,888	\$ 719,992	\$ 719,992	Notes 1 and 2
Yi-Jan Overseas Investment Co., Ltd.	Jetford Inc.	British Virgin Islands	Investment	US\$ 57,171	US\$ 57,171	71,772	100	US\$ 528,488	US\$ 22,570	US\$ 22,570 N	Notes 1 and 2

Note 1: The carrying amount and related shares of profit of the equity investment were calculated based on the reviewed financial statements and percentage of ownership.

Note 2: Eliminated.

INTERCOMPANY RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

(III	I nousanus or	new raiwai	i Donars)	

Number			Deletionshin	Transaction Details					
(Note 1)	Company Name Related Party		Relationship (Note 2)	Financial Statement Account	Amount (Note 3)	Payment Terms (Note 4)	% to Total Sales or Assets (Note 5)		
0	Yulon Nissan Motor Company, Ltd.	Jetford Inc.		Trade receivables - related parties Reduction of general and administrative expenses	\$ 2,926 6,291	-	-		

Note 1: Intercompany relationships are numbered as follows:

- a. The Company is numbered as 0.b. Subsidiaries are numbered from number 1.

Note 2: Nature of relationships is numbered as follows:

- a. The Company to subsidiaries is numbered as 1.
- b. Subsidiaries to the Company is numbered as 2.
- c. Subsidiaries to subsidiaries is numbered as 3.

Note 3: Eliminated.

- Note 4: The prices and payment terms for related-party transactions were based on agreements.
- Note 5: If the transaction amounts are related to the balance sheet accounts, the percentages are those of the year-end balances to the consolidated total assets. If the transaction amounts are related to the income statement accounts, the percentages are the total amounts of the year to the consolidated total sales.

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, U.S. Dollars and RMB)

Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Paid-in Capital	Method of Investment (e.g., Direct or Indirect)	Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2024	Investme Outflow	ent Flows Inflow	Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of June 30, 2024	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Net Income of the Investee	Investment Gain (Note 2)	Carrying Amount as of June 30, 2024	Accumulated Repatriation of Investment Income as of June 30, 2024
Co., Ltd.	Developing and manufacturing of parts and vehicles and related services Developing and manufacturing of parts and vehicles and related services	(RMB 1,032,500)	Note 1	\$ 716,856 (US\$ 21,700) 1,124,786 (US\$ 35,471)	\$-	\$ -	\$ 716,856 (US\$ 21,700) 1,124,786 (US\$ 35,471)	42.69	\$ 288,970 (US\$ 9,058) 1,413,436 (US\$ 44,307)	\$ 47,824 (US\$ 1,499) 603,396 (US\$ 18,915)	\$ 1,074,762 (US\$ 33,120) 11,581,847 (US\$ 356,914)	\$ 5,510,103 (US\$ 179,214) 46,900,641 (US\$ 1,537,567)

Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment in Mainland China as of June 30, 2024	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on the Amount of Investment Stipulated by Investment Commission, MOEA (Note 3)
\$1,841,642 (US\$57,171)	\$3,279,922 (US\$103,622)	\$11,094,212

Note 1: The Company indirectly owns these investees through Jetford Inc., an investment company registered in a third region.

Note 2: The carrying amount and related investment income of the equity investment were calculated based on the reviewed financial statements and percentage of ownership.

Note 3: The upper limit was calculated in accordance with the "Regulation Governing the Approval of Investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China" issued by the Investment Commission under the Ministry of Economic Affairs on August 22, 2008.

TABLE 7

YULON NISSAN MOTOR COMPANY, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

INFORMATION OF MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Sha	ares
Name of Major Shareholder	Number of Shares	Percentage of Ownership (%)
Yulon Motor Co., Ltd. Nissan Motor Corporation	143,500,000 120,000,000	47.83 40.00

Note: The main shareholder information in this table is calculated by the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation on the last business day at the end of the quarter, and the total number of ordinary shares and special shares held by the shareholders who have completed the non-physical securities delivery (including treasury shares) is more than 5%. The share capital recorded in the Company's consolidated financial report and the actual number of non-physical securities delivered may be different or different due to the basis of preparation and calculation.